

CHAPTER 1: A NEW WORLD OF MANY CULTURES (1491 - 1607)

- MIGRANTS CROSSED LAND BRIDGE 40,000 YEARS AGO (BERING SEA NOW)
- EVOLVED INTO LOTS OF TRIBES w/ DIF. LANGUAGES / CULTURES

CULTURES OF CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA →

- MAYAS IN YUCATAN PENINSULA
- AZTEC CAPITAL = TENOCHTITLÁN (POP. 200,000) } MAIZE
- INCAS IN PERU } POTATOES

◦ ALL HIGHLY ORGANIZED SOCIETIES

CULTURES OF NORTH AMERICA →

- SMALLER CIVILIZATIONS IN THIS REGION
- LANGUAGE: VERY DIVERSE (400 DISTINCT)
- SOUTHWEST SETTLEMENTS: DRY REGION w/ IRRIGATION SYSTEMS
- NORTHWEST SETTLEMENTS: TOTEM POLES, HUNT, FISH, GATHER (CURRENT DAY N-CA)
- GREAT PLAINS: NOMADIC (MOVED A LOT), TEPEES, HUNT BUFFALO
 - GAINED HORSES FROM SPANISH IN 17TH CENTURY
- MIDWEST SETTLEMENTS: PERMANENT SETTLEMENTS, HUNT/FISH, EARTH MOUNDS
- NORTHEAST: IROQUOIS = FAMOUS (CONFEDERATION OF 5 TRIBES)
 - OFTEN IN CONFLICT w/ EUROPEANS
- ATLANTIC SEABOARD: USED OCEAN TO FISH
- * ECONOMY FOR ALL BASED ON ENVIRONMENT / REGION

EUROPE MOVES TOWARD EXPLORATION →

- COLUMBUS' VOYAGE BROUGHT FIRST MAJOR CONTACT
- RENAISSANCE LED TO NEW INVENTIONS THAT MADE EXPLORATION EASIER (SHIPBUILDING, MAP MAKING, COMPASS, ETC.)
- EUROPE HAD RELIGIOUS CONFLICT BUT SPAIN UNITED UNDER ISABELLA & FERDINAND WHO THEN FUNDED COLUMBUS
- THE PROTESTANT REFORMATION (REVOLT AGAINST POPE) LED TO A DESIRE TO SPREAD RELIGION TO NEW TERRITORIES

EXPANDING TRADE →

- A DESIRE FOR BETTER TRADE ROUTES INCREASED EXPLORATION

- PORTUGUESE TOOK THE LEAD (HENRY THE NAVIGATOR)
 - VASCO DA GAMA - INDIA
- SLAVE TRADE BEGAN FROM WEST AFRICA (SLAVERY ALREADY EXISTED BUT PORTUGUESE BEGIN SELLING FOR WORK OFF AFRICAN COAST)
 - RESISTANCE → AFRICANS RAN AWAY, SABOTAGED WORK OR REVOLTED; WORKED TO PRESERVE CULTURE
- NEW NATION-STATES DEVELOPED; DEPENDED ON TRADE

EARLY EXPLORATIONS →

- COLUMBUS (1492) LANDED IN BAHAMAS, WANTED GOLD; FOUND NONE
 - GAVE NATIVE AMERICANS NAME "INDIANS"
 - IMPORTANT BECAUSE BROUGHT GLOBAL INTERACTION
- * COLUMBIAN EXCHANGE → TRANSFER OF PLANTS, ANIMALS, GERMS ACROSS ATLANTIC
 - EUROPEANS GAINED NEW FOOD/PLANTS
 - BROUGHT HORSES, WHEEL, GUN TO NEW WORLD
 - MILLIONS DIED FROM DISEASES IN NEW WORLD
- DIVIDING THE AMERICAS: TREATY OF TORDESILLAS (SPAIN & PORTUGAL) GAVE PORTUGAL BRAZIL; SPAIN REST OF AMERICAS
 - OTHERS CHALLENGED
- CONQUISTADORES HELPED SPAIN MAINTAIN POWER IN AMERICAS
 - HERNAN CORTÉS, FRANCISCO PIZARRO, ETC.
 - MADE SPAIN RICH
- * ENCOMIENDA SYSTEM → KING OF SPAIN GAVE LAND; NATIVES TO SPANIARDS (NATIVES RAISED WORK)
 - DISEASE ENDED THIS; SLAVES FROM AFRICA BROUGHT INSTEAD
- ENGLISH CLAIMS →
 - JOHN CABOT (NEWFOUNDLAND, 1497)
 - SIR WALTER RALEIGH (ROANUKE)

- FRENCH CLAIMS →

- LIKE ENGLISH, SLOW TO EXPLORE
- FIRST PERM. SETTLEMENT BY SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN (1608) IN QUEBEC - "FATHER OF NEW FRANCE"
- ROBERT DE LA SALLE (LOUISIANA, 1682)

- DUTCH CLAIMS →

- HENRY HUDSON (CURRENT DAY NY) AKA HUDSON RIVER
- NAMED AREA NEW AMSTERDAM

SPANISH SETTLEMENTS IN N.A. →

- FLORIDA (ST. AUGUSTINE), NEW MEXICO (SANTA FE), TEXAS, CA (MISSIONS)

◦ PUEBLO REVOLT 1680 KICKED SPANISH OUT

- FATHER JUNIPERO SERRA FOUNDED 9 MISSIONS

EUROPEAN TREATMENT OF NATIVES →

- MOST EUROPEANS SAW NATIVES AS INFERIOR

- SPANISH POLICY →

- CLASS SYSTEM DEVELOPED w/ SPANIARDS @ TOP, NATIVES USED AS SLAVE LABOUR UNTIL AFRICANS BROUGHT IN BECAUSE THEY WERE DYING OF DISEASES
- BARTOLOME DE LAS CASAS ARGUED AGAINST THIS TREATMENT
- VALLADOLID DEBATE: JUAN GINES DE SEPULVEDA ARGUED NATIVES WERE LESS THAN HUMAN (OPPOSITE OF LAS CASAS)

- ENGLISH POLICY →

- MARRIAGE w/ NATIVES LESS COMMON
- COEXISTED w/ NATIVES AT FIRST (TRADE, ^{NATIVE} TAUGHT FARMING)
- EVENTUALLY LED TO CONFLICT & NATIVES PUSHED OFF LAND

- FRENCH POLICY →

- GOOD RELATIONS (TRADED FUR ALONG MISSISSIPPI)
- LESS PEOPLE SO LESS OF A THREAT

- NATIVE AMERICAN REACTION →

- TRIBES SO DISTINCT SO NO UNIFIED RESPONSE
- TRIED ALLYING w/ A EUROPEAN POWER
- SOME MIGRATED

* ULTIMATELY, LIFE NEVER THE SAME AFTER 1492

WAS COLUMBUS A HERO?

- | | | | |
|------------|---|------------|----------------------------|
| <u>PRO</u> | ◦ HAS HOLIDAY | <u>CON</u> | ◦ JUST IN RIGHT PLACE/TIME |
| | ◦ GOOD NAVIGATOR | | ◦ CONQUEROR |
| | ◦ DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS
DEVELOPED IN AMERICA | | ◦ MILLIONS OF NATIVES DIED |

* PEOPLE ARE LIVING w/ THE CONSEQUENCES OF HIS
ACTIONS / VOYAGED POSITIVE & NEGATIVE